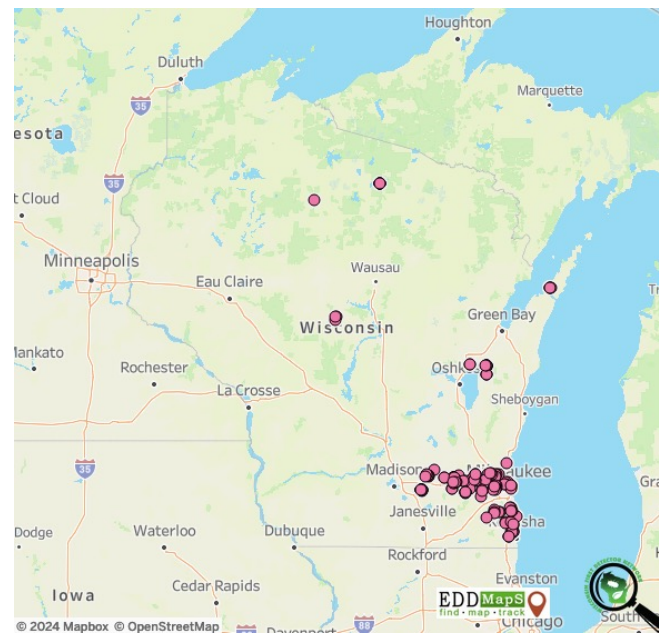




Reed mannagrass (*Glyceria maxima*)



- Clonal wetland grass with fused sheaths, large stiff panicles, spikelets with multiple florets
- Habitats it invades:
 - Wetlands
 - Roadsides
- Status
 - Wisconsin: Prohibited/Restricted
 - Not regulated in neighboring states





Reed mannagrass (*Glyceria maxima*)

Leaves alternate



- Plants 2-8' tall
- Leaves 11-23" long, V-shaped in cross-section
- Leaf sheaths are fused, slightly roughened
- Plants spread via roots to form huge patches





Reed mannagrass (*Glyceria maxima*)

Spikelets

- Open panicles with stiff branches
- 4-10 florets per spikelet; June-Aug.
- Spikelets 5-12mm long, 2-3.5mm wide



Reed mannagrass look alike



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Reed manna grass (*Glyceria maxima*) may be confused with **native** American manna grass (*Glyceria grandis*).



REED MANNA GRASS has unbranched stems that grow to 8' tall but often lay down and appear shorter. Stems tinted red near the base.

5-10 leaves per stem. Leaves have **rough edges** and are strongly V shaped. Leaf sheaths are rough with **reddish-brown band at junction with leaf**.

Flowers in **erect panicle**, 6-12" long; June – August.



AMERICAN MANNA GRASS grows 3-5' tall.

3-6 Leaves per stem. **Leaf blades shiny**, lower surface smooth, upper surface rough, **edges smooth**. Leaf sheaths smooth or slightly rough with **yellow band at junction with leaf**.

Flowers in **nodding to semi-erect panicle**, 5-10" long, July – September.